DRAVET SYNDROME

Burden and Stigma ... a patient's voice

Gudrun Schumacher

Mother of an affected child & Member of the Board of *Swiss Dravet Syndrome*Association



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1:22.000 Children



One child in 22.000 is statistically affected by Dravet Syndrome...

What does that mean?

- Each diagnosis calls into question opportunities the life offers, dreams, adventures, lighthearted childhood and exciting adolescent years ... and often families and friendships.
- Every child <u>bravely</u> goes through seizures, uncertainty, the side effects of medication, the rejection of society, etc. ...

But... we are lucky!





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Because we have a diagnosis!





1:22.000 Children



What does that mean to have a diagnosis?

- We can network with other associations and families...
- We have a name of the disease and usually a number in the catalogue of Birth Defects, ... which means you have the chance - never the guarantee - to get:
 - support material like nappies, orthoses, wheelchair, helmet, corset, night control, oxygen support etc.
 ... (the list is much longer)
 - financial support like pension, assistance allowance etc. (bar is high!) ...
 - Different therapies
 - Medication covered by the IV
- Research and participation in studies become possible...



The burden...







Seizures ...



Seizure types (can occur individually or in combination):

- generalised, i.e. affecting the whole brain
- focal, i.e. affecting individual areas of the brain
- tonic, i.e. convulsive
- atonic, i.e. flaccid
- clonic, i.e. rhythmically twitching
- Myoclonia, i.e. non-rhythmic muscle twitching while concious
- Absences, i.e. states of absences with pausing of movement
- complex-focal, i.e. affecting several areas of the brain
- Seizures with blinking
- Falling seizures
- Status Epilepticus!





Comorbidities

- Behavioural problems
- Attention disorders
- Delayed speech development
- Ataxia
- Orthopaedic problems
- Motor and balance problems
- Hypotonia
- Sleep disorders
- Chronic infections
- Perceptual disorders

... and much more.

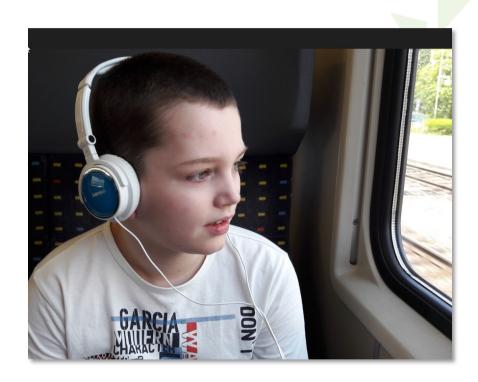






Everyday life...





- 1) 24h-observation / care
- 2) When joy become the enemy
- 3) Fear
- 4) "Battling" many fronts
- 5) Social security / IV
- 6) Difficulties in social life
- 7) Holidays? Holidays!



1) 24h-observation / care



- A seizure can occur anytime and anywhere
- A parent is always there: ... having a bath, shower, climbing stairs, eating, drinking, playing...
- We have a very well trained "eye" for the surroundings...
- We know the physical signs...
- We have a very light sleep...
- Sometimes we also hear "ghosts"…



2) When joy becomes the enemy...



Typical seizure triggers include ... excitement:

- Physical exertion → playing, running, climbing, swimming
- Being tired
- Emotions like overstimulation (i.e. many people), anger, annoyance, stress, and unfortunately ... joy...



2) When joy becomes the enemy...



3) Fear

Presence...

- Will the child get on the new bus driver tomorrow?
- The weekend will be hot...
- · Will the shopping go well?
- Will the child tolerate the Corona vaccination?
- What will we do if there is another shortage of medication?



For the child!
Always!

Future...

- What if something happens to us parents?
- How can we protect our basic financial stability?
- Where will my child live later?
- Will we stay healthy?
- Have we considered / thought of everything? What do we need to know?

. . .



The stigma...





4) "Battling" at many fronts



Schooling / Day Care



- We parents know that generally our children will not attend a regular school and will not have a regular education
- However... yet we want our children to be supported and to use their full potential
- Finding the right day care is very difficult → Aspiration and promises of the different institutions often sound very good and like an <u>individual support</u> ... we talk about children, whom's needs could not be more different
- Reality is very often (due to cost, resources etc.) a strongly standardized approach
- We always have to ask, convince, battle insist on many things....



4) "Battling" at many fronts



Therapies & Support



- The <u>first hurdle</u> is to get the required therapies approved:
 - depending on the Birth Defect (speech therapy, occupational therapy, physiotherapy, hippotherapy, orthoses, rehab buggy, wheelchair)
 - IV processes often are complicated and very formal (right form? right wording? Parents need to check whether all facts have been recorded and considered
- The <u>second hurdle</u> is to integrate the therapies into everyday life...
 - Find slots when you are full-time employed
 - Organization of transport, parents have to wait there...



5) Social security / IV...



... or our struggle with institutions, authorities and others:

- Therapies and aids are always linked to the "confirmed" Birth Defect
- Rare diseases often fall between "tree and bark" as a 100% clear allocation to the catalogue of Birth Defects is difficult and not straight forward
- The handling is extremely different between the cantonal IV offices
- Processing times take usually very long
- Parents often feel like a petitioner...
- Processes are kept very complex \rightarrow "You can apply for an order that is appealable."
- Assessments by the IV are done in a generic way by ticking boxes, lists, catalogues... →



5) Social security / IV...



Not considered are typically:

- Times you spend to care for the child during night time... e.g. after an epileptic seizure that has caused paralysis of the arms and/or legs ... or just for sleep disturbances
- Times you wait for your child during therapy appointments
- Times you are searching for therapies, material, and you are writing letters/e-mails to the different stakeholders...
- Times you <u>cannot</u> spend for cultural and social events, which are normal to parents with healthy children ... meeting friends, cinema, theatre, wellness, hobbies and so much more...
- Far too often a lawyer is needed! Which increases the feeling of "not being entitled"!



6) Difficulties in social life

Neighbourhood

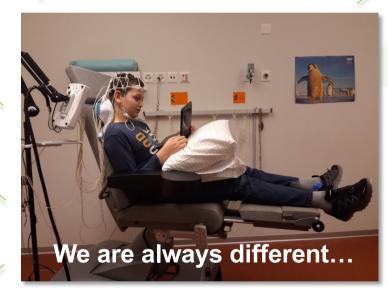
Role as parent

Family

Partnership

Friends

Foreign people



Colleagues

Other affected families

Me





Holidays? Holidays!







- Enough medicines, nappies, and other support material!
- Plan space for wheelchair and lower leg orthoses
- How do we travel? What is possible?
- What awaits us at the holiday destination?
- Can we go to a restaurant? We ignore the stares!





And ... what about us parents?



- Long process to accept the given → emotional balance act!
- Parents are (officially) responsible for their children until the age of 18... however, time without the kids (to read a book?) is possible much earlier than this...
- We parents of special children have very limited me-time, career opportunities, social contacts, mental balance, ... and much more...

What we need is not pity, but understanding, support, relief ...



But beside Burden and Stigma...





We are a great family with a lovely son...

